



Register Number:
Date:

St. Joseph's College, Autonomous, Bangalore
M.Sc Mathematics-II Semester
 End semester Examination: April,2018
MT8114: Algebra-II

Duration: 2.5 Hours

Max. Marks:70

- The paper contains two printed pages.
- Attempt any **SEVEN FULL** questions.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- In all questions A is a commutative ring with unity.**

- Let $f : A \rightarrow B$ be homomorphism of rings. Let J be an ideal of B .
 - Prove that $f^{-1}(J)$ is an ideal of A .
 - If J is prime in B , then is $f^{-1}(J)$ prime in A ? Justify your answer.
 - If J is maximal in B , then is $f^{-1}(J)$ maximal in A ? Justify your answer

[4+2+1 marks]
 - Let I be an ideal of a ring A . Define the radical of $I := r(I) = \{x \in A \mid x^n \in I \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{N}\}$. Prove that $r(I)$ is the intersection of all prime ideals of A containing I . [3 marks]
- State Nakayama's Lemma [2 marks]
 - Let Σ be a set partially ordered with respect to the relation " \leq ". Prove that the following are equivalent.
 - Every increasing sequence $x_1 \leq x_2 \leq \dots \leq x_n \leq \dots$ in Σ is stationary.
 - Every non-empty subset of Σ has a maximal element. [8 marks]
- Let M', M, M'', N be A -modules.
 Given $u : M' \rightarrow M$, we define $\bar{u} : \text{Hom}_A(M, N) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(M', N)$ as follows: $\bar{u}(f) = f \circ u$ for all $f \in \text{Hom}_A(M, N)$. It can be easily verified that \bar{u} is an A -module homomorphism.
 Let

$$M' \xrightarrow{u} M \xrightarrow{v} M'' \rightarrow 0$$
 be exact sequence of homomorphism of A -modules. Prove that the following sequence of A -module homomorphisms

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(M'', N) \xrightarrow{\bar{v}} \text{Hom}_A(M, N) \xrightarrow{\bar{u}} \text{Hom}_A(M', N)$$
 is also exact, where \bar{v} is defined similar to \bar{u} . [10 marks]
 - State Snake's Lemma.
- State and Prove Hilbert Basis Theorem [10 marks]
- Prove that in an Artinian ring every prime ideal is maximal. [8 marks]

- (b) Give an example of a ring which is neither Noetherian nor Artinian. [2 mark]
6. (a) Suppose that E is an extension of F of prime degree. Show that for $\alpha \in E$ either $F(\alpha) = F$ or $F(\alpha) = E$. [2 marks]
- (b) Prove that $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt[3]{2}) = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[6]{2})$ [4 marks]
- (c) Let K/F be an extension of fields. Prove that $\alpha \in K$ is algebraic over F if and only if $F(\alpha)/F$ is finite. [4 marks]
7. (a) Prove or Disprove: $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[4]{2})$ is Galois over \mathbb{Q} . [4 marks]
- (b) Let $\alpha \in \mathbb{Q}$ is a root of a monic polynomial in $\mathbb{Z}[x]$. Prove that α is an integer. [3 marks]
- (c) If ab is algebraic over F ($b \neq 0$), prove that b is algebraic over $F(a)$. [3 marks]
8. Let the extension K/F is Galois, then prove that K is the splitting field of some separable polynomial over F . [10 marks]
9. For each part give an example of a field with stated property. If no such field exists, write "none". No justifications are required. [2 marks each]
- (a) A field of characteristic 3 which is not finite.
- (b) A finite field of characteristic 0.
- (c) A field of degree 2 over \mathbb{Q} which is not Galois.
- (d) A field of degree 3 over \mathbb{Q} which is not Galois.
- (e) A Galois extension of \mathbb{F}_3 whose Galois group is not cyclic.
10. Find the splitting field E of $x^4 + 1$ over \mathbb{Q} . Find $\text{Gal}(E/\mathbb{Q})$ and all the subgroups of it. Find the corresponding subfields of E . Is there an automorphism of E whose fixed field is \mathbb{Q} ? [10 marks]